

ეროვნული სასწავლო ოლიმპიადა

ინგლისურ ენაში

X-XII კლასი

II ტური

თქვენ წინაშეა ეროვნული სასწავლო ოლიმპიადის მეორე ტურის ტესტი ინგლისურ ენაში.

გთხოვთ ყურადღებით წაკითხოთ დავალებების პირობა და ამ პირობის შესაბამისად შეასრულოთ მოცემული დავალებები.

გთხოვთ, თქვენი პასუხები გადაიტანოთ პასუხების ფურცელზე.

გაითვალისწინეთ, რომ გასწორდება მხოლოდ პასუხების ფურცელი.

ტესტის შესასრულებლად გეძლევათ 1 საათი და 30 წუთი.

**გისურვებთ წარმატებას!**

**2019-2020 სასწავლო წელი**

## TASK 1      READING / VOCABULARY

Read the text and fill the gaps with the appropriate words. Insert only ONE word in each gap.

### Importance of gold

A soft, dense, yellow metal gold is recognised as a measure of wealth all over the world. For centuries it was the foundation of the international monetary system and, even today, it remains one of the ..... (1) important components of a country's foreign reserve funds. What makes gold attractive is that it has a value of its own for both industrial ..... (2) ornamental purposes, unlike paper banknotes, which have no value in themselves. As a result, gold is bought as an investment in times of financially difficult periods. Gold is ..... (3) only metal that is yellow or 'golden.' Other metals may develop a yellowish colour, but only after they have reacted with other chemicals. Nearly all of the gold on Earth came from meteorites that bombarded our planet for over 200 million ..... (4) after its formation. Gold is generally considered harmless and gold metal flakes may ..... (5) eaten in foods or drinks.

Gold is a noble metal because it is not destroyed by air or water. Gold has many uses in addition to its monetary and symbolic value. Among other applications, it is ..... (6) in electronics, electrical wiring, dentistry, medicine, and to colour glass. Gold for jewellery is mixed ..... (7) other metals. The unit that measures the purity of gold is called karat. The higher the karat, the purer the gold is. 24-karat gold is called pure gold, which means that ..... (8) contains no other material. There are also 22, 18 and 10 karat gold. Silver is the most common metal added to gold in jewellery, but golden items may also consist ..... (9) other metals, such as platinum or copper. Gold investors can ..... (10) pure gold from gold sellers in the form of gold bars or gold coins.

## TASK 2 READING

Read the text and fill the gaps (1-12) with the words given below. Use each word only once. Four words are extra.

Mark the corresponding letter (A-P) on the answer sheet. Do not copy the words from the text on the answer sheet.

appreciate	(A)	destroyed	(E)	longer	(I)	thousands	(M)
believed	(B)	documented	(F)	organise	(J)	time	(N)
coast	(C)	history	(G)	populated	(K)	understand	(O)
continue	(D)	least	(H)	scientists	(L)	watch	(P)

### Volcanoes

Volcanoes are among the most destructive of the earth's natural forces and their eruptions have ..... (1) entire towns and killed ..... (2) of people. During an eruption a volcano throws out lava, ash and gases. While eruptions are spectacular to ..... (3), they can cause disastrous loss of life and property, especially in densely ..... (4) regions of the world. In the early times, volcanoes were part of the religious life of many groups of people. The ancient Romans, for example, ..... (5) that their god of fire, Vulcan, lived beneath a volcanic island off the ..... (6) of Italy. Today, we no ..... (7) believe in this myth, but we still do not fully ..... (8) what causes volcanoes. The scientific study of volcanoes is called volcanology. The ..... (9) classify volcanoes as active, intermittent, dormant, or extinct. Active volcanoes erupt constantly, while intermittent volcanoes erupt at regular periods. Dormant volcanoes have become inactive, however, these 'sleeping' volcanoes might erupt again at any ..... (10). Extinct volcanoes have been inactive since the beginning of recorded ..... (11) and will probably not erupt again. Although volcanoes are among the most destructive forces on Earth, people still ..... (12) to live near them and to study them.

### TASK 3 READING

**Read the paragraphs from A to F. Then put them into the correct order. Mark your answers on the answer sheet.**

#### Queen Elizabeth II

**A.** Known for her sense of duty the Queen has been an important figure for the UK and the Commonwealth during times of enormous social change. The Queen placed great emphasis on her job as uniting the Commonwealth – a difficult job in the post war period as de-colonisation led to many problems. Though the Queen usually received widespread acclaim along with some unfavourable comments, she still played a unifying role at the Commonwealth meetings. Despite passing 90 years, the UK's longest-serving monarch, Queen Elizabeth II, enjoys relatively good health, and shows no sign of passing the throne to her heir Charles.

**B.** Yet, there were still important moments in the life of the Royal Family, such as her 'Silver Jubilee' in 1977 and the wedding of Prince Charles and Lady Diana in 1981. By the 1990s, the media had a widespread fascination with Princess Diana, but as their marriage broke down, the Queen was increasingly perceived as being out of touch. The year of 1992 saw media headlines dominated by the marriage breakup of Charles and Diana, a fire in Windsor and other criticisms of the Royal Family. In 1996 Princess Diana died in a car crash, and temporarily there was public dismay as the Queen appeared distant. But, after the Queen later expressed admiration for Princess Diana, the hostility disappeared.

**C.** Towards the end of the war, Elizabeth joined the Women's Royal Auxiliary Territorial Service, where she served as a driver and mechanic. After the war, she increasingly stepped into her role of performing public service. In 1947 Elizabeth married Prince Philip of Greece and Denmark in a ceremony at Westminster; they had known each other for several years. Some were opposed to the union because of his foreign ties, but this was overcome by his service in the Royal Navy. They have been happily married for over 70 years. Elizabeth gave birth to their first child – the future Prince Charles - in 1948.

**D.** After the difficulties of the nineties, the second decade of the twenty-first century saw a revival of the Queen's popularity as the Royal Family left many difficulties behind and were able to celebrate important events. Firstly, Prince William married Kate Middleton to widespread public enthusiasm. Then the Queen's Golden Jubilee was widely celebrated despite the wet weather. Furthermore, the Queen took part in the opening ceremony of the thirtieth Olympic Games, which was a huge global success. And finally, Prince Harry and Meghan Markle's marriage was well-received by the public.

**E.** After Elizabeth's father George VI passed away in 1952, his elder daughter Elizabeth was crowned Queen. Her coronation set TV records around the globe and it appeared to lead to a new era for the monarchy and British Commonwealth. The 1950s could be seen as the golden age for the Queen. Respect to the Royal Family was still high and the young Elizabeth looked like the fairy-tale Princess. However, over the next few decades, the country witnessed a decline in traditional attitudes to the monarchy. Also, intense media scrutiny led to many unfavourable headlines as the Queen's children were caught up in marital problems and related scandals.

**F.** The eldest child of Prince Albert (later George VI) and his wife Elizabeth (later known as the Queen Mother) - Queen Elizabeth II was born on April 21, 1926. Her father Prince Albert was second in line to the throne, until his elder brother Edward VIII resigned in 1936 – pushing the shy Prince Albert into an unexpected role of King. After the coronation Prince Albert took on the name George VI to emphasize continuity with his father and restore confidence in the monarchy. His two daughters, Elizabeth and Margaret, were educated at home. During the Second World War, the Royal Family were evacuated to Balmoral and later Windsor Castle.

## TASK 4

Read the dialogue and fill in the spaces (1-6) with the sentences given (A-I). There are three extra sentences.

- Hello Jason, how are you?
- Fine, thank you. ....(1).
- I'm fine too. So, as it is our final year at high school, don't you think, it's time for us to choose our career?
- You are quite right. Success in life depends on the right choice of a career. We must choose our career properly. May I know what your career choice is?
- ....(2). I have decided to become a doctor. There is a shortage of doctors in the remote villages of our country and most of people are deprived of their service. The people cannot consult a good doctor.
- Right, it's a great profession. Serving people is an honorable mission.
- ....(3).
- Yes, of course. I want to be an agriculture specialist.
- Most students like to be doctors, engineers or administrators. ....(4).
- Because we live in an agricultural country. Our economy depends on agriculture.
- .....(5). I come from a farmers' family myself.
- I'll apply for an agricultural university. After completing my education, I'll continue my studies and do research in agriculture. I'll try to share my experience with the farmers and teach them how to use the modern methods in cultivation.
- .....(6).
- You are right. It was really nice speaking to you. See you around.
- Bye.

- A. Why not you?
- B. Well, could you tell me about your choice of a career?
- C. Sure.
- D. Sounds like a plan!
- E. Yes, sure. Help yourself.
- F. Couldn't agree more!
- G. So do I.
- H. That's your problem, not mine.
- I. And how about you?

**TASK 5 WRITING**

You have watched an interesting TV programme recently. Write an e-mail to your friend Sarah, in which you will

- tell her what the programme was about.
- give your opinion about the presenter(s).
- say if you plan to continue watching it in the future.

Write about 100-120 words.

Dear Sarah,

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